

SIMULATION DRIVEN DESIGN Unleash the ALM potential

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ALTAIR AT A GLANCE



Founded 1985
Headquartered in Troy, MI US



69offices in 24 countries







2000+

Engineers, scientists and creative thinkers



5000+

Customer installations globally

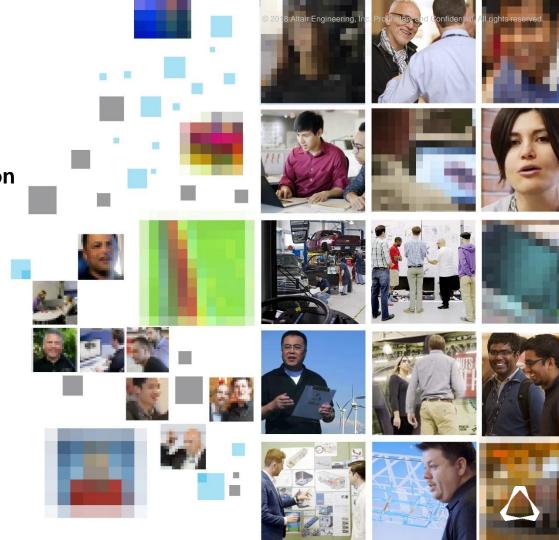


60,000+Users



CULTURE & VALUES

Altair transforms design and decision making by applying simulation, machine learning and optimization throughout product lifecycles.

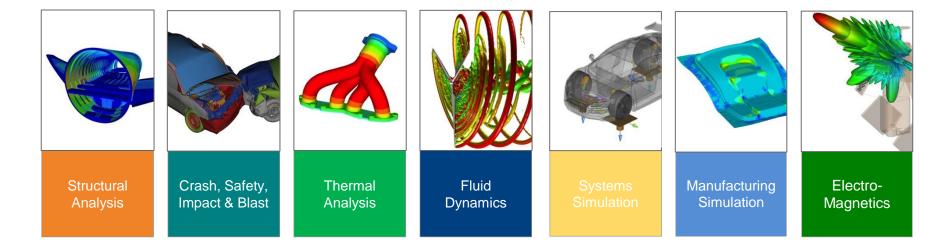


5,000 CUSTOMER INSTALLATIONS WORLDWIDE

Automotive	Aerospace	Heavy Equipment	Government
FIAT CHRYSLER AUTOMOBILES FIAT CHRYSLER AUTOMOBILES RENAULT HONDA	BAE SYSTEMS BITCHES AIRBUS BOMBARDIER EMBRAER Honeywell	ALSTOM JOHN DEERE JFE CATERPILLAR® OSHKOSH	National Research Council Canada
Life/Earth Sciences	Electronics/Consumer Goods	Energy	Architecture
The Chemical Company BASE The Chemical Company MERCK	acer (intel) IEM (LG) BOSCH	ConocoPhillips ExonMobil	AECOM LIXIL SOM WEIDLINGER WorleyParsons resources & energy



ALTAIR SOLVER TECHNOLOGY



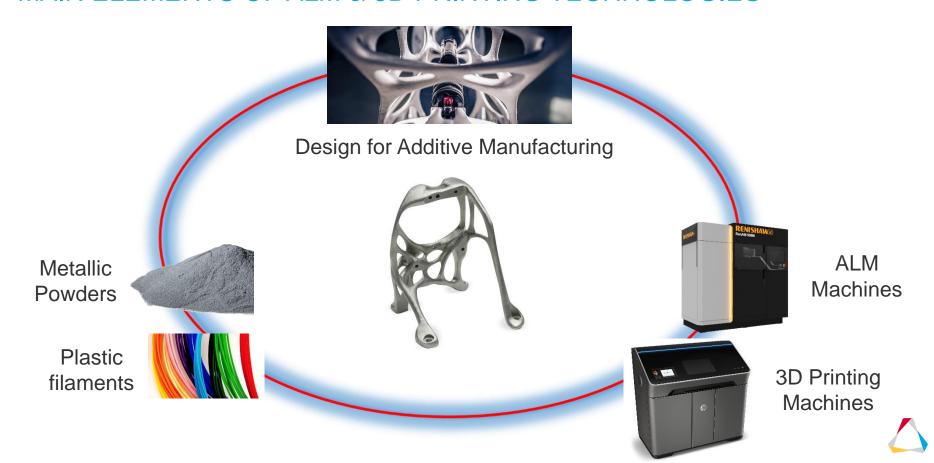
Multiphysics Simulation and Optimization



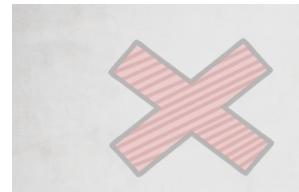
DESIGN FOR ALM



MAIN ELEMENTS OF ALM & 3D PRINTING TECHNOLOGIES



HOW TO GET BENEFITS



Slow Process

Very **expensive** Powders

Massive parts have huge distorsion

Simple Replacement



Huge ratio between material and void

Complexity is for free

Parts consolidation

Lattice is allowed



Mass reduction has a big impact on the whole result

To get most benefit we need to think complex shapes



THE ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING DESIGN CHALLENGE

How can a designer come up with the best possible shape?





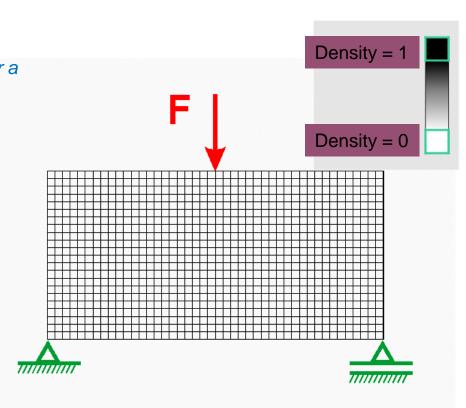




TOPOLOGY OPTIMIZATION

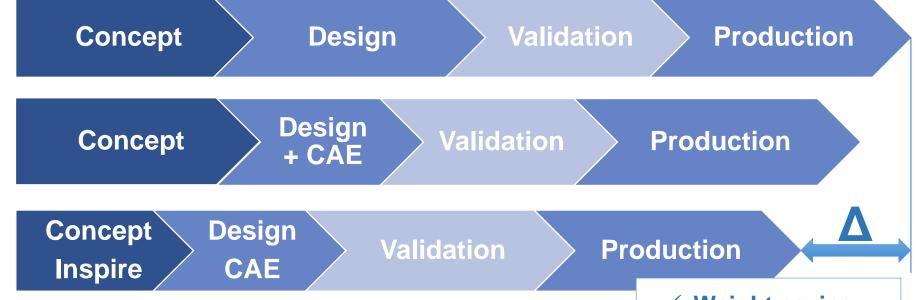
Given the package space and loading conditions for a design problem, optimization quickly generates the ideal shape.







NEVER TOO SOON TO OPTIMIZE



- ✓ Weight saving
- ✓ Time saving
- ✓ Cost saving



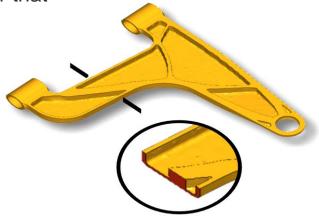
MAKE THE DESIGN MANUFACTURABLE

Introducing Manufacturing constraints the final desing has more doable shape for that manufacturing technology,

But with the



- Stress
- Stiffness
- Mass...



Suitable for Milling, Stamping





SHAPE THE INSPIRATION





SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – MODEL CHECK





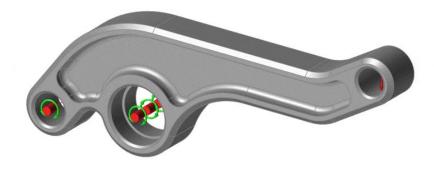




SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – MODEL PREPARATION

Model Preparation







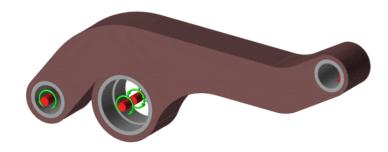




SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – CONCEPTUAL OPTIMIZATION

Model Preparation

Conceptual Optimization







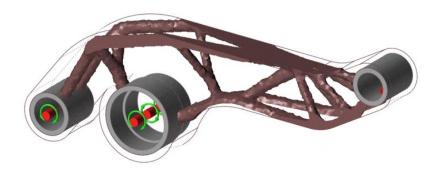


SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – CONCEPT VALIDATION

Model Preparation

Conceptual Optimization

Concept Validation











SHAPE THE INSPIRATION - CONCEPT MODIFICATION

Model Preparation

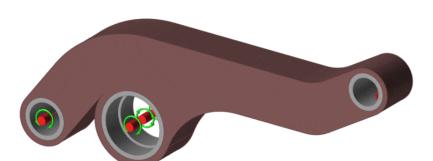
Conceptual Optimization

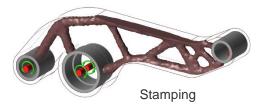
Concept Validation **Concept Modification**



Single Split Draw Extrusion

Select a design space. ③





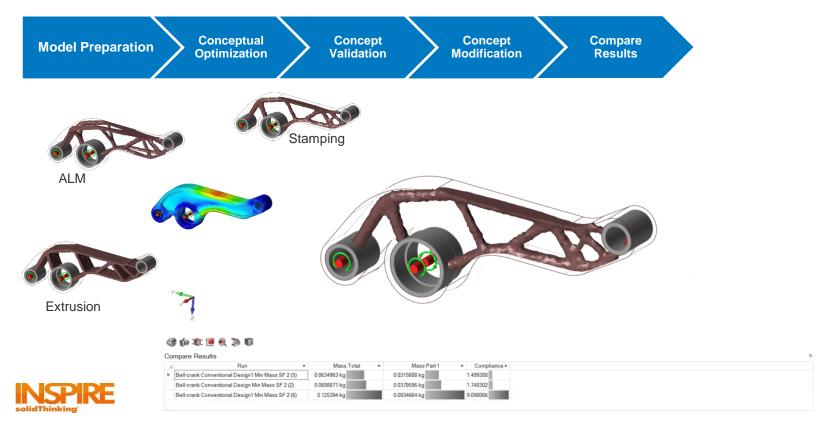








SHAPE THE INSPIRATION - COMPARE RESULTS





SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – CONCEPT INTERPRETATION

Model Preparation

Conceptual Optimization

Concept Validation

Concept Modification

Compare Results

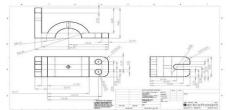
Concept Interpretation CAD

How to sketch such a complex part?

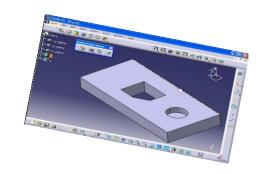
Too Complex





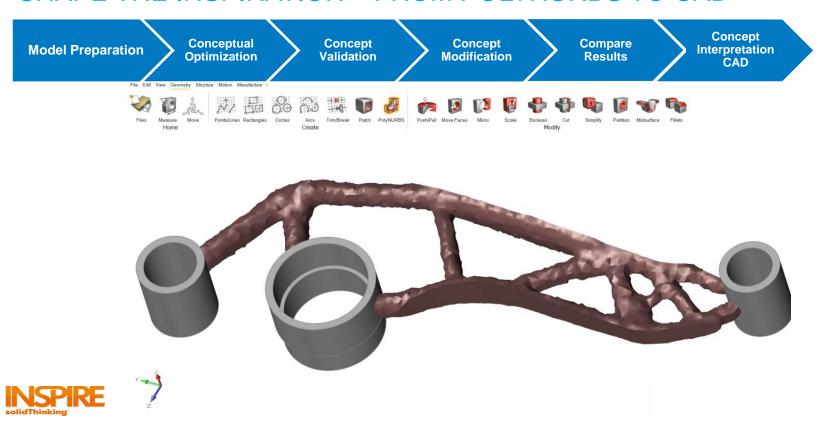


Organic shape





SHAPE THE INSPIRATION - FROM POLYNURBS TO CAD





SHAPE THE INSPIRATION – FINAL CAD

Model Preparation

Conceptual Optimization

Concept Validation

Concept Modification

Compare Results

Concept Interpretation CAD

Final CAD



Advance geometry reconstruction via full PolyNurbs technology and many more



PROCESS EXPLORATION

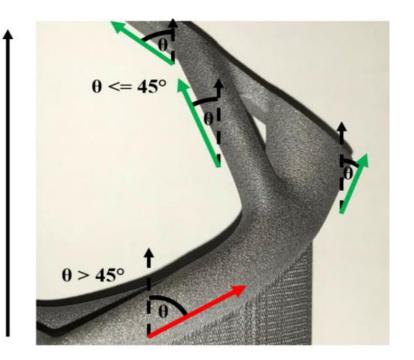




IS THE ALM TECHNOLOGY LIMITLESS?

Unfortunately, the ALM products need **supports** in case of:

- Downward facing surfaces
- Angled facing surfaces
- Circular holes



How to consider the NEW Manufacturing Constraints?



OVERHANG ANGLE CONSTRAINT

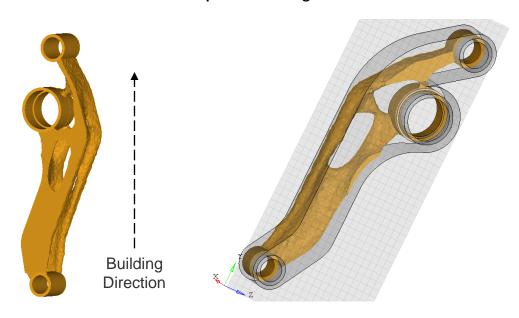
In general supports represent a problem:

- Wasted material
- Time consuming
- Influence the surface finish
- Manual operation



Initial design "Free" No manufacturing constraint

Minimise Support Structure by Overhang Angle Control 45° respect to Building Direction





NEXT FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

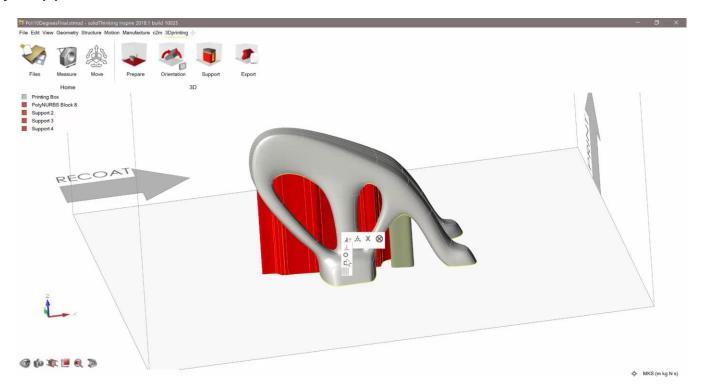
> Modify geometry in order to minimize areas that need supports





NEXT FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

- > Modify geometry in order to minimize areas that need supports
 - > Modify supports distribution in order to minimize them



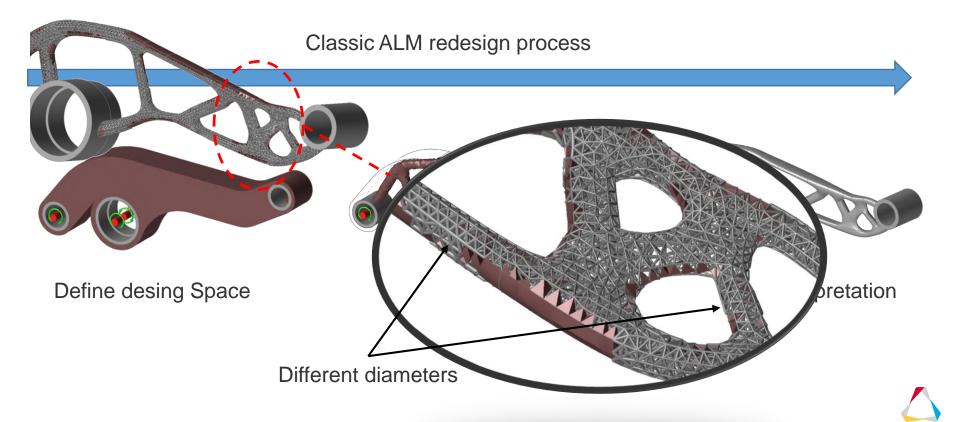


LATTICE STRUCTURES





LATTICE STRUCTURE WORKFLOW



CASE STUDIES





FROM THE PRINTER INTO SPACE



3D Printed Antenna Bracket for Sentinel-1 Satellite:

- 43% weight reduction (from 1.626 kg to 0.936 kg)
- Increased Eigen frequency (70Hz → 90 Hz)
- Reduced number of parts, bolts, rivets, etc... decreasing checks, time and costs
- Improved static behaviour, strength, stiffness, stability





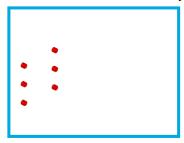


DESIGN PROCESS SUMMARY

Together ahead. RUAG

Design

- Functional analysis
- Topology optimization
- CAD Interpretation
- Size/Shape optimization
- Detail stress analysis

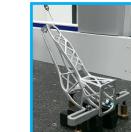




Manufacturing

- Optimization
- Post-Processing
- Samples definition
- Process control







Verification / Testing

- Quality control
- Test definition
- Qualification testing
- Model correlation



42% Weight save

AMAZONE

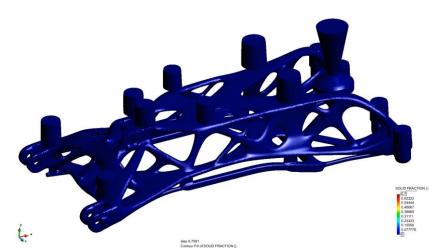
v⇒xeljet

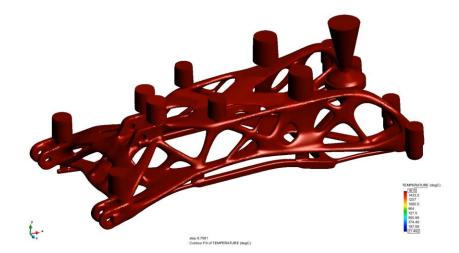


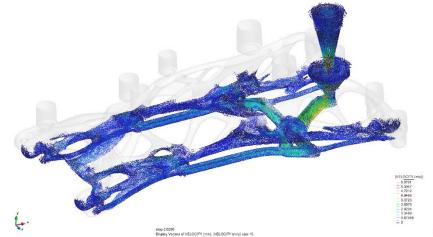


MANUFACTURING SIMULATION

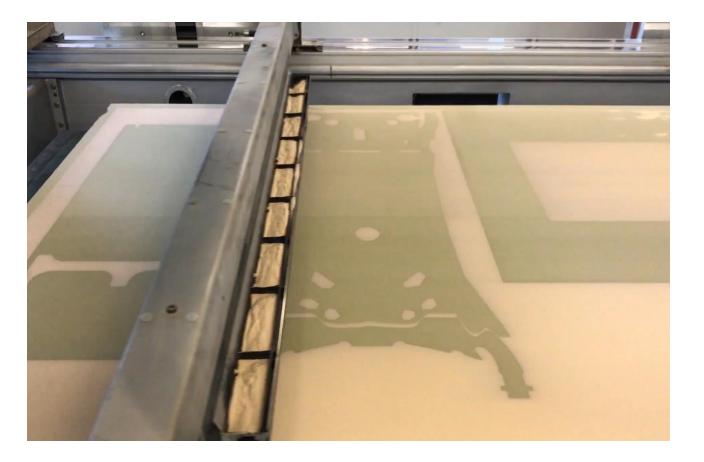








SAND 3D PRINTING





DESING PROCESS SUMMARY

- Core Design (Topology Opt)
- Casting Process Evaluation
- 3D-printed core with AM
- Mold production
- Mold de-sanding
- Casting
- Final Component









v⇒xeljet



Disc Harrow bionic rocker arm

Welded construction:

16 Meters of welds

Optimized casted part:

- Integral part
- 35% costs reduction
- 10% weight reduction
- 250% fatigue performance

Casted part with 3D printed form:

- Same Performances
- 11% weight reduction
- 75% lead time reduction





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